

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and industry division, 2002

Connecticut--local government

Characteristic	Local government ³	Goods producing				Service producing					
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ³	Mining ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ⁵	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Public Administration
Total [3,704 cases]	397.7	--	--	948.8	--	--	--	--	--	168.9	775.0
Nature of injury, illness:											
Sprains, strains	191.7	--	--	522.1	--	--	--	--	--	65.5	420.2
Bruises, contusions	37.4	--	--	95.6	--	--	--	--	--	24.8	53.7
Cuts, lacerations	15.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.5	27.8
Fractures	21.5	--	--	32.8	--	--	--	--	--	10.6	47.8
Heat burns	8.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.3
Carpal tunnel syndrome	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.4	--
Tendonitis	4.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.3
Chemical burns	3.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.7	--
Multiple injuries	22.4	--	--	74.3	--	--	--	--	--	6.0	54.7
Part of body affected:											
Head	20.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.6	34.9
Eye	8.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Neck	11.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.7	28.4
Trunk	147.8	--	--	492.6	--	--	--	--	--	61.8	261.4
Shoulder	29.7	--	--	113.3	--	--	--	--	--	8.8	64.1
Back	99.1	--	--	259.0	--	--	--	--	--	45.5	174.7
Upper extremities	58.6	--	--	173.2	--	--	--	--	--	24.2	113.7
Wrist	11.1	--	--	80.5	--	--	--	--	--	6.0	7.4
Hand, except finger	11.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.5	24.0
Finger	13.9	--	--	41.8	--	--	--	--	--	6.0	24.8
Lower extremities	88.6	--	--	131.2	--	--	--	--	--	54.4	151.2
Knee	37.5	--	--	38.9	--	--	--	--	--	20.5	70.0
Foot, except toe	8.5	--	--	47.6	--	--	--	--	--	5.0	6.7
Toe	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Body systems	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.0	6.7
Multiple parts	64.1	--	--	119.0	--	--	--	--	--	13.0	178.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and industry division, 2002 --- Continued

Connecticut--local government											
Characteristic	Local government ³	Goods producing				Service producing					
		Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ³	Mining ⁴	Construction	Manufacturing	Transportation and public utilities ⁵	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services	Public Administration
Source of injury, illness:											
Chemicals and chemical products	6.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Containers	43.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	18.6	62.2
Furniture and fixtures	12.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	12.9	11.9
Machinery	12.0	--	--	50.9	--	--	--	--	--	9.5	5.5
Parts and materials	16.7	--	--	92.7	--	--	--	--	--	6.8	13.7
Worker motion or position	32.3	--	--	137.1	--	--	--	--	--	11.8	65.4
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	97.7	--	--	154.9	--	--	--	--	--	48.0	194.4
Tools, instruments, and equipment	23.8	--	--	86.1	--	--	--	--	--	12.5	40.8
Vehicles	58.0	--	--	109.9	--	--	--	--	--	10.4	159.7
Health care patient	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.1
Event or exposure:											
Contact with objects and equipment	50.5	--	--	95.2	--	--	--	--	--	30.4	64.3
Struck by object	29.2	--	--	71.4	--	--	--	--	--	24.2	21.8
Struck against object	14.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.2	30.6
Caught in equipment or object	2.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.8	--
Fall to lower level	30.8	--	--	92.2	--	--	--	--	--	9.3	68.6
Fall to same level	67.9	--	--	41.8	--	--	--	--	--	44.9	113.4
Slips, trips, loss of balance--without fall	10.2	--	--	47.6	--	--	--	--	--	3.6	21.8
Overexertion	101.3	--	--	381.8	--	--	--	--	--	41.7	161.2
Overexertion in lifting	75.2	--	--	295.3	--	--	--	--	--	32.4	106.7
Repetitive motion	4.8	--	--	32.8	--	--	--	--	--	1.2	7.8
Exposure to harmful substances	19.0	--	--	42.8	--	--	--	--	--	9.5	25.0
Transportation accidents	45.1	--	--	116.1	--	--	--	--	--	5.4	130.4
Fires and explosions	6.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.3
Assaults and violent acts by person	34.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.4	94.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine

Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable with estimates for other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.